

9. NEMOCNICE A JEJÍ ČÁSTI

A hospital is a healthcare institution providing patient treatment with specialized health science and auxiliary healthcare staff and medical equipment.

Specialized hospitals include trauma centers, rehabilitation hospitals, children's hospitals, geriatric hospitals, and hospitals for specific medical needs, such as psychiatric hospitals for psychiatric treatment and other disease-specific categories.

The hospital usually has two main parts, outpatient department and inpatient department.

An outpatient is either on the ground floor of the main building or it is situated in a separate building. It consists of the waiting rooms and the room where the medical records are kept.

An inpatient is situated on the upper floors of the main building and is composed of wards. There are the units to which patients are admitted for treatment. Their size is determined by the number of patients that one ward sister can supervise.

The hospital ward consists of receptionist, clean supply room, soiled utility room, conference room, visitors' toilet, and nurses lounge.

Patient room is composed of bed, window, overhead trapeze, pillow, lamp, commode, and bed pan.

Hospital wards are for example: Admissions ward, General medicine ward, Surgery, ICU, Pediatrics, Oncology, Gynecology and Obstetrics ward.

Služby pro veřejnost v místě bydliště

It is possible to **use the services** of the Czech Red Cross, charity and many similar services with the same intention.

The purpose of these services is to help people in need, to find a new home after a tragic event, but also to provide medical care for urgent and chronic illnesses.